Tennessee Comprehensive Assessment Program / Mathematics

TCAP/CRA 2012-2013



Task 3: Fractions of Apples Task Full Scoring Guide

Copyright © 2012 by the University of Pittsburgh and published under contract with Tennessee State Department of Education by Measurement Incorporated, 423 Morris Street, Durham, North Carolina, 27701. Testing items licensed to the Tennessee State Department of Education. All rights reserved. No part of this publication may be reproduced or distributed in any form or by any means, or stored in a database or retrieval system, without the prior written permission of Tennessee Department of Education and the University of Pittsburgh.

Colin went apple picking. He picked 3 kinds of apples: red, green, and yellow. When he was home, he counted how many of each kind he had picked.

25 red apples

15 green apples

10 yellow apples

Colin wants to keep $\frac{3}{5}$ of each kind of apple and he will give the rest to a friend.

Draw a diagram and write a multiplication equation that can help you decide how many apples of each kind Colin wants to keep.

Apple	Diagram	Multiplication Equation
Red		
Green		
Yellow		

3. Fractions of Apples Task Scoring Guide

The CCSS for Mathematical Content (2 points) The student provides a diagram to show how many apples of each color are 4.NF.4c(a) kept. 4.NF.4c(b) The student writes correct multiplication equations to answer how many apples of each color are kept. Total Content Points _____ The CCSS for Mathematical Practice (3 points) MP1 The student makes sense of the problem by illustrating each type of apple divided into 5 groups with 3 groups being kept; completes all parts of the task. (MP1: Make sense of problems and persevere in solving them.) The student writes correct equations for the number of apples Colin wants to keep; MP6 provides accurate diagrams. (MP6: Attend to precision.) MP7 The student demonstrates that when multiplying by a fraction, only a portion is being utilized; therefore, the whole number factor must be broken into the number of groups indicated by the denominator and multiplied by the numerator. (MP7: Look for and make use of structure.) **Total Practice Points**

Total Awarded Points _____

The CCSS for Mathematical Content Addressed in This Task

Build fractions from unit fractions by applying and extending previous understanding of operations on whole numbers.

Apply and extend previous understandings of multiplication to multiply a fraction by a whole number.

4.NF.4c Solve word problems involving multiplication of a fraction by a whole number, e.g., by using visual fraction models and equations to represent the problem. For example, if each person at a party will eat 3/8 of a pound of roast beef, and there will be 5 people at the party, how many pounds of roast beef will be needed? Between what two whole numbers does your answer lie?

The CCSS for Mathematical Practice*

- 1. Make sense of problems and persevere in solving them.
- 2. Reason abstractly and quantitatively.
- 3. Construct viable arguments and critique the reasoning of others.
- 4. Model with mathematics.
- 5. Use appropriate tools strategically.
- 6. Attend to precision.
- 7. Look for and make use of structure.
- 8. Look for and express regularity in repeated reasoning.

*Gray text indicates Mathematical Practices that are not addressed in this task.

Students' responses to a mathematical task provide evidence of what they understand and are able to do in relation to the standards and practices. Across tasks, this cumulative evidence shows students' understanding and abilities within a domain. When students do not respond completely to all parts of a task, they provide insufficient evidence of their mathematical understanding and abilities and therefore do not fully demonstrate the expectations of the standards and practices aligned with that task.

Colin went apple picking. He picked 3 kinds of apples: red, green, and yellow. When he was home, he counted how many of each kind he had picked:

25 red apples 15 green apples 10 yellow apples

Colin wants to keep $\frac{3}{5}$ of each kind of apple and he will give the rest to a friend.

Draw a diagram and write a multiplication equation that can help you decide how many apples of each kind Colin wants to keep.

	niagram apples	Multiplication Equation
25 Red	Prizopples	3-125-15 3-15-15-15-15-15-15-15-15-15-15-15-15-15-
15 ^{Green}	BBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBB	-3-X15=9
∫	2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 apples	3-110-6

Guide 1 Litho 9394

Total Content Points: 2 (4.NF.4c(a), 4.NF.4c(b))

Total Practice Points: 3 (MP1, MP6, MP7)

The student provides diagrams showing each kind of apple divided into five equal groups and how many of each color are kept (4.NF.4c(a)). Correct multiplication equations are given to find how many apples of each color are kept (4.NF.4c(b)). The student attends to precision by writing correct equations for the number of apples that Colin wants to keep and by providing accurate diagrams (MP6). The student makes use of structure by demonstrating correct multiplication of a whole number by a fraction and indicating that the whole is divided into a number of groups determined by the denominator, with the numerator denoting the number of those groups being kept (MP7). By illustrating how many apples of each color are kept, the student makes sense of the problem and completes all parts of the task (MP1).

Total Awarded Points: 5 out of 5

Colin went apple picking. He picked 3 kinds of apples: red, green, and yellow. When he was home, he counted how many of each kind he had picked.

25 red apples 15 green apples 10 yellow apples

Colin wants to keep $\frac{3}{5}$ of each kind of apple and he will give the rest to a friend.

Draw a diagram and write a multiplication equation that can help you decide how many apples of each kind Colin wants to keep.

Apple	η Diagram : μ	Multiplication Equation
	96900 000000000000000000000000000000000	345=15
Red		
	Colinkeeps Bapples.	
	1 7 3	3x3=9
Green		
	Colinhages Papples	
	00000	312-6
Yellow		
	Colin keeps Coasks	

1 together Colin leeps Page 8 pp/ 15 GO ON TO THE NEXT PAGE.

Guide 2 Litho 9399

Total Content Points: 2 (4.NF.4c(a), 4.NF.4c(b))

Total Practice Points: 3 (MP1, MP6, MP7)

The student provides accurate diagrams showing how many apples of each color are kept (4.NF.4c(a)) and writes correct multiplication equations to answer how many apples of each color are kept (4.NF.4c(b)). The student attends to precision by writing correct equations for the number of apples that Colin wants to keep and by providing accurate diagrams (MP6). The student makes use of structure by providing correct multiplication equations $(3 \times 5 = 15, 3 \times 3 = 9, 3 \times 2 = 6)$, together with correct diagrams illustrating that Colin will keep three out of each group of five apples (MP7). By illustrating equal groups of 5 apples and 3 apples out of each group being kept, the student makes sense of the problem and completes all parts of the task (MP1).

Total Awarded Points: 5 out of 5

Colin went apple picking. He picked 3 kinds of apples: red, green, and yellow. When he was home, he counted how many of each kind he had picked.

25 red apples 15 green apples 10 yellow apples

Colin wants to keep $\frac{3}{5}$ of each kind of apple and he will give the rest to a friend.

Draw a diagram and write a multiplication equation that can help you decide how many apples of each kind Colin wants to keep.

Apple	Diagram	Multiplication Equation
Red	25 red apples, 3555555555555555555555555555555555555	3x5=15red apples
Green	15 or even topples 3 3 3 3 3 5 5 5 4 5 = 3	3×3=9 green apples
Yellow	10 yellow apples, 3 2 2 2 2 2 5 3 3 5 4 6 7 5 = 2	3×2=b yellow apples

Page 8



Guide 3 Litho 9389

Total Content Points: 2 (4.NF.4c(a), 4.NF.4c(b))

Total Practice Points: 3 (MP1, MP6, MP7)

The student provides a diagram to show how many apples of each color are kept (4.NF.4c(a)) and writes correct multiplication equations to answer how many apples of each color are kept (4.NF.4c(b)). The student attends to precision by writing correct equations for the number of apples that Colin wants to keep and by providing accurate diagrams (MP6). The student makes use of structure by providing correct multiplication equations $(3 \times 5 = 15, 3 \times 3 = 9, 3 \times 2 = 6)$, indicating that the whole is divided by the denominator of the fraction and multiplied by the numerator (MP7). By illustrating how many apples of each color are being kept, the student makes sense of the problem and completes all parts of the task (MP1).

Total Awarded Points: 5 out of 5

Colin went apple picking. He picked 3 kinds of apples: red, green, and yellow. When he was home, he counted how many of each kind he had picked.

25 red apples15 green apples10 yellow apples

Colin wants to keep $\frac{3}{5}$ of each kind of apple and he will give the rest to a friend.

Draw a diagram and write a multiplication equation that can help you decide how many apples of each kind Colin wants to keep.

Apple	Diagram	Multiplication Equation
Red		3×25=15 redapples
Green		3 5 X15= 9 Granapples
Yellow	\$ 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6	3x10=6 Yellow expples

Page 8



Guide 4 Litho 9320

Total Content Points: 1 (4.NF.4c(b))

Total Practice Points: 3 (MP1, MP6, MP7)

The student writes correct multiplication equations to answer how many apples of each color are kept (4.NF.4c(b)). The student attends to precision by writing correct equations for the number of apples Colin wants to keep and provides diagrams that show the correct numbers of total apples and apples that Colin wants to keep (MP6). The student makes use of structure by demonstrating correct multiplication of a whole number by a fraction (MP7). By using equations to illustrate how many apples of each color are kept and showing visual models of the apples, the student makes sense of the problem and completes all parts of the task (MP1). Although total apples versus Colin's apples are correctly shown in the diagrams, they do not accurately depict the arrays divided into equal portions (no credit for 4.NF.4c(a)).

Total Awarded Points: 4 out of 5

Colin went apple picking. He picked 3 kinds of apples: red, green, and yellow. When he was home, he counted how many of each kind he had picked.

25 red apples

15 green apples

10 yellow apples

Colin wants to keep $\frac{3}{5}$ of each kind of apple and he will give the rest to a friend.

Draw a diagram and write a multiplication equation that can help you decide how many apples of each kind Colin wants to keep.

Apple	Dagram	Multiplication Equation
Red	25	wants to Give 55 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5
Green	15 BRIESE	Wants Kine to
Yellow	10	2/3/2/5/6 2/2/2/2/2/2/2/2/2/2/2/2/2/2/2/2/2/2/2

Page 8



Guide 5 Litho 3355

Total Content Points: 1 (4.NF.4c(a))

Total Practice Points: 2 (MP1, MP7)

The student provides diagrams in which the whole is divided into five equal groups with three groups shaded to show how many apples of each color are kept (4.NF.4c(a)). The correct multiplication expressions show understanding of the structure of fractions (MP7). The student makes sense of the problem by illustrating 5 equal groups of apples with 3 groups kept and 2 given away (MP1). The response does not contain correct multiplication equations to answer how many apples of each color are kept, as the student has given expressions instead of equations (no credit for 4.NF.4c(b)). The student fails to attend to precision, as there are no correct equations provided (no credit for MP6).

Total Awarded Points: 3 out of 5

Colin went apple picking. He picked 3 kinds of apples: red, green, and yellow. When he was home, he counted how many of each kind he had picked.

25 red apples 15 green apples 10 yellow apples $\frac{50}{50}$ $\frac{50}{50}$

Colin wants to keep $\frac{3}{5}$ of each kind of apple and he will give the rest to a friend.

Draw a diagram and write a multiplication equation that can help you decide how many apples of each kind Colin wants to keep.

AIRIDE	Diagram	Multiplication Equation
Red	000000000000000000000000000000000000000	3 groups = 15 He wants 15 red apples.
Green	000000	3 groups = 9 apples He wants 9 green apples
Yellow	00000	3 groups = 6 oupples He wants 6 yellow apples

Page 8



Guide 6 Litho 13148

Total Content Points: 1 (4.NF.4c(a))

Total Practice Points: 1 (MP7)

The student provides diagrams that help to show how many apples of each color are kept by dividing the whole into five equal groups (4.NF.4c(a)). Using visual fraction models and explanations in place of equations, the student makes use of structure to demonstrate that multiplying a fractions entails use of portions (MP7). The response does not contain correct multiplication equations to answer how many apples of each color are kept (no credit for 4.NF.4c(b), no credit for MP6). Since written multiplication equations are missing, parts of the task are incomplete (no credit for MP1).

Total Awarded Points: 2 out of 5

Colin went apple picking. He picked 3 kinds of apples: red, green, and yellow. When he was home, he counted how many of each kind he had picked.

25 red apples 15 green apples 10 yellow apples

Colin wants to keep $\frac{3}{5}$ of each kind of apple and he will give the rest to a friend.

Draw a diagram and write a multiplication equation that can help you decide how many apples of each kind Colin wants to keep.

Apple	Diagram 🛌 🎤	Multiplication Equation
Red	00000000000000000000000000000000000000	25 x 3 5
Green	0000 93600 93600	15× 3 5
Yellow	(S)	$10 \times \frac{3}{5}$

Page 8



Guide 7 Litho 9421

Total Content Points: 1 (4.NF.4c(a))

Total Practice Points: 1 (MP7)

The student provides diagrams showing the apples of each color divided into equal groups of five, which could be used to help find the number of apples Colin wants to keep (4.NF.4c(a)). Using visual fraction models, the student indicates some understanding of structure in demonstrating that multiplying by a fraction entails use of portions (MP7). The student does not illustrate 5 equal groups of apples with 3 groups being kept or include complete equations to find the number of apples Colin wants to keep; therefore, parts of the task are incomplete (no credit for MP1). The response does not contain correct multiplication equations to answer how many apples of each color are kept (no credit for 4.NF.4c(b), no credit for MP6).

Total Awarded Points: 2 out of 5

Colin went apple picking. He picked 3 kinds of apples: red, green, and yellow. When he was home, he counted how many of each kind he had picked.

25 red apples

15 green apples

10 yellow apples

Colin wants to keep $\frac{3}{5}$ of each kind of apple and he will give the rest to a friend.

Draw a diagram and write a multiplication equation that can help you decide how many apples of each kind Colin wants to keep.

Apple	Dagram	Williplesion Equation
Red	155555 15 15 15 He will keep 15	$\frac{3}{5}x5 = \frac{15}{25}$
Green	33333 9 He will keep	$\frac{3}{5} \times 3 = \frac{9}{15}$
Yellow	2222 (1) Itell will keep 6	3 5 22-6 10

Page 8



Guide 8 Litho 3353

Total Content Points: 1 (4.NF.4c(a))

Total Practice Points: 0

The student provides diagrams to show how many apples of each color are kept (4.NF.4c(a)). The multiplication equations given to find how many apples of each color are kept are incorrect (no credit for 4.NF.4c(b)), which shows a lack of understanding of the structure of fractions (no credit for MP7). Inaccurate equations indicate lack of attention to precision (no credit for MP6). The student does not correctly complete all parts of the task (no credit for MP1).

Total Awarded Points: 1 out of 5

Golin went apple picking. He picked 3 kinds of apples: red, green, and yellow. When he was home, he counted how many of each kind he had picked.

25 red apples 15 green apples 10 yellow apples

Colin wants to keep $\frac{3}{5}$ of each kind of apple and he will give the rest to a friend.

Draw a diagram and write a multiplication equation that can help you decide how many apples of each kind Colin wants to keep.

Apple	Diagram	Multiplication Equation
Red	wholes 25 red apples	3×25=
Green	15 green apples	3 15 x15=
Yellow	10 yellow apples	3 5×10=

Guide 9 Litho 9415

Total Content Points: 0

Total Practice Points: 1 (MP7)

Showing basic understanding of the structure of fractions, the student indicates in the diagrams that multiplying by a fractions entails use of portions (MP7). The diagrams are not labeled, so it is unclear whether the student understands that the whole is divided into a number of equal groups equal to the denominator (no credit 4.NF.4c(a)). The student writes expressions rather than multiplication equations to answer how many apples of each color are kept (no credit for 4.NF.4c(b)). The student does not write correct equations or provide detailed diagrams to calculate the number of apples Colin want to keep, showing lack of attention to precision (no credit for MP6). The student does not complete all parts of the task since the response lacks solutions to the expressions and details for the portions shown in the diagrams (no credit for MP1).

Total Awarded Points: 1 out of 5

Colin went apple picking. He picked 3 kinds of apples: red agreen, and yellow. When he was home, he counted how many of each kind he had picked.

25 red apples15 green apples10 yellow apples

Colin wants to keep $\binom{3}{5}$ of each kind of apple and he will give the rest to a friend.

Draw a diagram and write a multiplication equation that can help you decide how many apples of each kind Colin wants to keep.

Apple	Degen	Mulipleation Equation
	Golin rets	3
	100 100 MM M W	5
Red	A A AM II	$\times 5$
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	To the second se
	INDIA THE PARTY OF	75
A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A	IHIS tillend gots 30	Ø V
	Colingetin	3
Green	2 mil	× 5
		X 5
^		9
	His tringgadgets to	10
	His fringendgets to Colin's friend gets 4	2
	AZ MADO	
Yellow		5
		X2
		6
	Colingetoto	10

Page 8



Guide 10 Litho 13106

Total Content Points: 0

Total Practice Points: 0

Although the student provides diagrams, they show counts of individual apples instead of groups of 5 with 3 groups shaded (no credit for 4.NF.4c(a)). The student does not write correct multiplication equations to answer how many apples of each color are kept (no credit for 4.NF.4c(b)). The response's lack of correct equations and accurate diagrams indicates a lack of precision (MP6). By not illustrating 5 equal groups of apples with 3 groups being kept, the student leaves parts of the task incomplete (no credit for MP1). There is no work shown to indicate that the student understands the multiplicative structure of fractions (no credit for MP7).

Total Awarded Points: 0 out of 5